

# **Pressure sensors**

# **Datasheet**

Series/Type: AMD 1.000 KA VR Z1E L P

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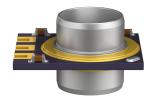


#### **Datasheet**

**AMD 1.000 KA VR Z1E L P** 

#### **Applications**

- Miniaturized media separated differential pressure transmitters
- Sensing element based on piezoresistive MEMS technology
- Suitable for applications with pressure ranges of 0 bar to 1 bar and temperature ranges of –40 °C ... 140 °C
- Voltage output (0.5 V ... 4.5 V) proportional to pressure and supply voltage (ratiometric)



#### **Features**

- High media resistance on both pressure ports due to high alloyed steel diaphragms: suitable for all media not reacting with high alloyed steel DIN 1.4435 or 1.4404 like fuel, diluted acids, contaminated air, exhaust gases
- Miniaturized integrated ceramic package for OEM applications
- High accuracy during temperature changes due to compact design
- The integrated signal conditioner compensates non-linearity and temperature errors and supplies a precise calibrated output signal with a high immunity against electromagnetic influences (EMI).
- Overvoltage and reverse voltage protection for automotive applications
- Various mounting solutions due to the stainless steel interfaces
- RoHS-compatible

#### **Options**

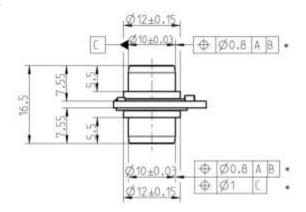
- Customer specific output characteristics on request
- Housing and connector on request

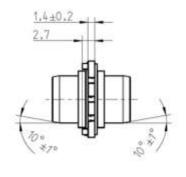


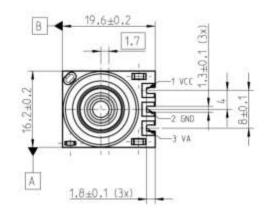
## **Datasheet**

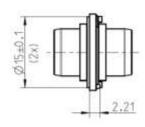
# **AMD 1.000 KA VR Z1E L P**

# **Dimensional drawings**









Dimensions in mm

\* cpk > 1.33



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# **AMD 1.000 KA VR Z1E L P**

## 1. Technical data

# **Absolute maximum ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Temperature ranges		•				
Storage temperature range	T <sub>st</sub>	1)	-40		+140	°C
Operating temperature range	Ta	2)	-40		+140	°C
Compensated temperature range	T <sub>c</sub>	3)	-40		+140	°C
Soldering temperature	T <sub>solder</sub>	<5 s (no reflow soldering)			+240	°C
Pressure ranges		·				
Rated differential pressure	pr	One-sided output 4)		0 1		bar
Overpressure	p <sub>ov</sub>	5)			2.5	bar
Burst pressure	P <sub>burst</sub>	5)			3.0	bar
Line pressure	Pline	5)	0.1		5	bar a
Line overpressure	p <sub>ov line</sub>	5)	0.01		16	bar a
Line burst pressure	P <sub>burst line</sub>	5)			30	bar a
Supply voltage /-current		•		•		
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	6)	4.5		5.5	V
Supply current	Icc	without output current I <sub>A</sub>			7	mA
Signal output current	I <sub>A</sub>	7)			2	mA
Load resistor	R <sub>L</sub>		2.7			kΩ
Overvoltage	V <sub>ov</sub>	8)	33			V
Output signal at sensor failure	V <sub>ERR</sub>				0.25	V
Output signal (ratiometric) @ Ta	a = 25°C, I <sub>A</sub> <	0.1 mA, V <sub>A0</sub> = 5 V				
Offset	V <sub>A0</sub>	One-sided output 9)		0.5		V
Signal at rated pressure	V <sub>pr</sub>	One-sided output <sup>10)</sup>		4.5		V
Measuring error I <sub>A</sub> < 0.1 mA, p <sub>lir</sub>	<sub>le</sub> = ambient p	pressure	•	•	•	
Non-linearity	L	10), 11)		±0.25	±0.5	% FS
Response time	t <sub>10-90</sub>	11)			10	ms
Total error	ET	$T_a = 0 85 °C, ^{12)}$			±1.5	% FS
	ET	Ta = -40 140 °C, <sup>12)</sup>			±2.0	% FS

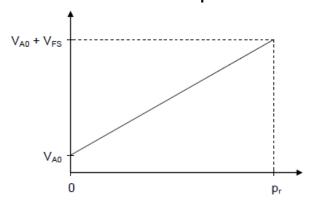


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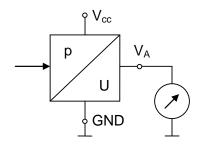
#### 2. Characteristics

#### **One-sided output**



# 3. Connection diagram

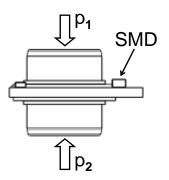
# Supply voltage and signal



# **Terminal assignment**

		_
Pin	Symbol	Signal
1	VCC	Supply voltage
2	GND	Ground
3	VA	Output signal

# **Pressure feed**



pr = p1 - p2pov = p1 - p2



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#### 4. Type designation

Pressure ranges are distinguished by color:

Туре	Rated differential pressure	Color
AMD 1.000 KA VR Z1E ST B506	0 1.0 ba	r Purple

## 5. Symbols and terms

## 1) Storage temperature range T<sub>st</sub>

A storage of the pressure sensor within the temperature range  $T_{\text{st,min}}$  up to  $T_{\text{st,max}}$  and without applied pressure and supply voltage will not affect the performance of the pressure sensor.

#### 2) Operating temperature range T<sub>a</sub>

An operation of the pressure sensor within the temperature range  $T_{a,min}$  up to  $T_{a,max}$  will not affect the performance of the pressure sensor.

#### 3) Compensated temperature range T<sub>c</sub>

While operating the pressure sensor within the temperature range  $T_{c,min}$  up to  $T_{c,max}$ , the deviation of the output signal will not exceed the temperature specific measurement error. Out of the compensated temperature range, the deviations may increase.

#### 4) Rated pressure p<sub>r</sub>

Within the rated pressure range 0 up to  $p_r$  (symmetrical output:  $\pm p_r$ ) the signal output characteristic corresponds to this specification. Rated pressure is defined as:  $p_r = p_1 - p_2$ .

# Overpressure pov, Burstpressure p<sub>Burst</sub>, Line pressure p<sub>Line</sub>, Line overpressure p<sub>ov line</sub> 1000 pressure cycles within the pressure range 0 up to p<sub>ov</sub> will not affect the performance of the pressure sensor.

Overpressure is defined as:  $p_{ov} = p_1 - p_2$ . The line pressure is defined as the maximum common mode pressure affecting on both pressure ports simultaneously. Line pressure above ambient pressure may lead to an additional total error of the sensor. For application with higher line pressure: By reducing the overpressure the line pressure can be enlarged accordingly ( $p_{ov} + p_{ov \, line} < 40$  bar).

#### 6) Supply voltage V<sub>CC</sub>

V<sub>CC,max</sub> is the maximum permissible supply voltage, which can be applied without damages. V<sub>CC,min</sub> is the minimum required supply voltage, which has to be applied for normal operation.

# 7) Signal output current IA

 $I_{A,max}$  is the maximum permissible sink current of the signal output. Exceeding (e.g. short circuit) may cause irreparable damages.

#### 8) Overvoltage V<sub>ov</sub>

Maximum voltage being applied in any polarity to all contact pins without damaging the pressure sensor.

#### 9) Offset V<sub>A0</sub>

The offset  $V_{A0}$  is the signal output  $V_A(p=0)$  at zero pressure. The value is related to the supply voltage  $V_{CC}$ .

One-sided output:  $V_{A0} = 0.1 \ V_{CC}$ Symmetrical output:  $V_{A0} = 0.5 \ V_{CC}$ 

# 10) Signal span (Full Scale)

The value is related to the supply voltage  $V_{\text{CC}}$ .

One-sided output:  $V_{FS} = FS = V_A(pr) - V_{A0} = 0.8 \ V_{CC}$ Symmetrical output:  $V_{FS} = FS = V_A(+pr) - V_A(-pr) = 0.8 \ V_{CC}$ 

## 11) Non-linearity L (including pressure hysteresis)

The non-linearity is the deviation of the real sensor characteristic  $V_A = f(p)$  from the ideal straight line.

It can be approximated by a polynomial of second order, with the maximum at  $p_x = p_r / 2$ .

The equation to calculate the non-linearity is:



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$$L = \frac{V_{A}(p_{x}) - V_{A0}}{V_{A}(p_{r}) - V_{A0}} - \frac{p_{x}}{p_{r}}$$

# 12) Response time t<sub>10-90</sub>

Delay between a pressure change (10  $\dots$  90%  $p_r$ ) and the corresponding signal output change (10  $\dots$  90% FS) based on theoretical estimations.

# <sup>13)</sup> Total measuring error E<sub>T</sub>

The total measuring error includes nonlinearity, pressure hysteresis, temperature hysteresis, and signal noise. It describes the deviation of the signal to the nominal output signal.

#### **Cautions and warnings**

#### **Storage**

The pressure sensors should be stored in their original packaging. They should not be placed in harmful environments such as corrosive gases nor exposed to heat or direct sunlight, which may cause deformations. Similar effects may result from extreme storage temperatures and climatic conditions.

Avoid storing the pressure sensors in an environment where condensation may form or in a location exposed to corrosive gases, which will adversely affect their performance.

#### **Mounting and Soldering**

Be sure that no shear forces caused by sensors mounting are effecting between the pressure ports. It may have influence on the signal accuracy or may damage the pressure sensor. Axial forces in direction of pressure port should not exceed 100 N.

The thermal capacity of the pressure sensor is normally low, so steps should be taken to minimize the effects of external heat. High temperatures may lead to damage or changes in characteristics.

A non-corrosive type of flux resin should be used and complete removal of the flux is recommended. Avoid rapid cooling due to dipping in solvent. Note that the output signal may change if pressure is applied to the terminals during soldering.

Release mounting and soldering processes carefully.

#### Operation

Media compatibility with the pressure sensors must be ensured to prevent their failure (see page 2).

The use of other media can cause damage and malfunction.

Never use them in atmospheres containing explosive liquids or gases.

Ensure pressure equalization to the environment, if relative pressure sensors are used.

Avoid operating the pressure sensors in an environment where condensation may form or in a location exposed to corrosive gases. These environments adversely affect their performance.

If the operating pressure is not within the rated pressure range, it may change the output characteristics.

Be sure that the applicable pressure does not exceed the overpressure, it may damage the pressure sensor.

Do not exceed the maximum rated supply voltage, it may damage the pressure sensor.

Do not exceed the rated storage temperature range, it may damage the pressure sensor.



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Temperature variations in both the ambient conditions and the media (liquid or gas) can affect the accuracy of the output signal from the pressure sensors. Be sure to check the operating temperature range and thermal error specification of the pressure sensors to determine their suitability for the application.

Connections must be wired in accordance with the terminal assignment specified in this publication. Care should be taken as reversed pin connections can damage the pressure sensors or degrade their performance.

Contact between the pressure sensor terminals and metals or other materials may cause errors in the output characteristics.

This listing does not claim to be complete, but merely reflects the experience of TDK Electronics AG.

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