

Power line chokes

Current-compensated ring core triple chokes 500 / 300 V AC, 35 / 25 A, 0.82 / 0.85 mH, +70 °C

 Series/Type:
 B82747S4

 Date:
 May 2015

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Current-compensated ring core triple chokes

Rated voltage 500 / 300 V AC Rated inductance 0.82 / 0.85 mH Rated current 35 / 25 A / +70 °C

Construction

- Current-compensated ring core triple choke
- Ferrite core with epoxy coating (UL 94-V0)
- Additional PET core insulation
- Plastic base plate and holder (UL 94-V0)
- Sector winding

Features

- High resonance frequency
- Approx. 0.5 ... 0.65% stray inductance for symmetrical interference suppression
- High rated current and rated temperature
- Suitable for wave soldering
- Design complies with EN 60938-2 (VDE 0565-2)
- UL 1446 class 155(F) electrical insulation system cRus
- No adhesives used
- RoHS-compatible

Applications

- Suppression of common-mode interferences
- Switch-mode power applications
- Power inverters
- Frequency converters

Terminals

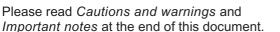
- Ends of winding wires
- Hot-dip tinned

Marking

Product brand, electrical insulation system designation, ordering code, rated voltages, rated inductance, rated current, date of manufacture (YYWWD.internal ID code), production place identification code

Delivery mode

Blister tray in a cardboard box



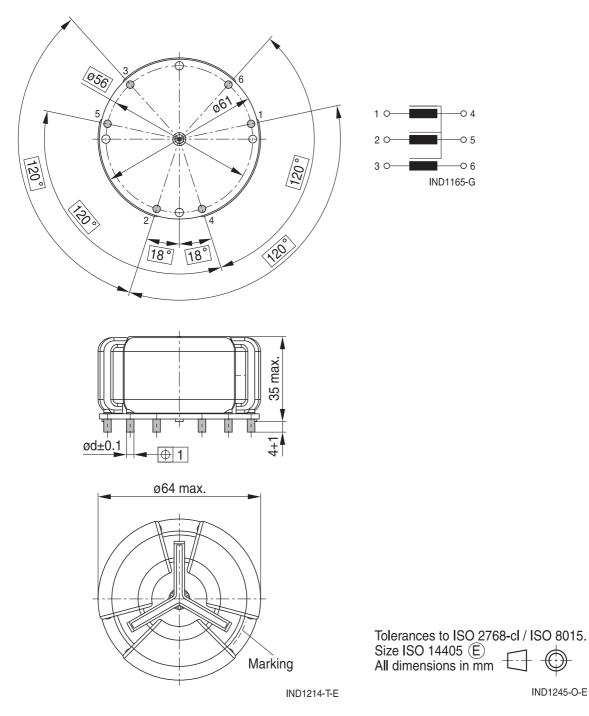


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Current-compensated frame core triple chokes

Dimensional drawing and layout recommendation





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Current-compensated frame core triple chokes

Technical data and measuring conditions

500 / 300 V AC (50/60 Hz)		
2000 V AC, 2 s (line/line)		
+70 °C		
Referred to 50 Hz and rated temperature		
Measured with Agilent 4284A at 100 kHz, 0.1 mA, +20 °C. Inductance is specified per winding.		
+35% at +20 °C		
< 10% at DC magnetic bias with I _R , +20 °C		
Measured with Agilent 4284A at 100 kHz, 5 mA, +20 °C, typical values		
Measured at +20 °C, typical values, specified per winding		
Sn96.5Ag3.0Cu0.5: +(245 \pm 5) °C, (3 \pm 0.3) s Wetting of soldering area \geq 95% (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta)		
+(260 ±5) °C, (10 ±1) s (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb)		
40/125/56 (to IEC 60068-1)		
P2 (to IEC 61558-1)		
–25 °C … +40 °C, ≤ 75% RH		
220, 230 g		
UL1446 Class 155 (F) (E320370)		

Characteristics and ordering codes

I _R	L _R	L _{stray,typ}	R _{typ}	Wire Ø d ±0.1	Ordering code
A	mH	μH	mΩ	mm	
30	0.85	5.5	1.9	2.5	B82747S4253A0401)
35	0.82	4.0	1.4	2.8	B82747S4303A041 ²⁾

Alternative rating: 25 A at +85 °C
 Alternative rating: 30 A at +85 °C

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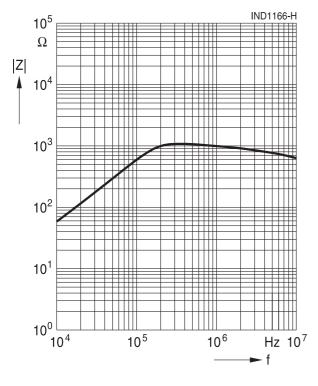
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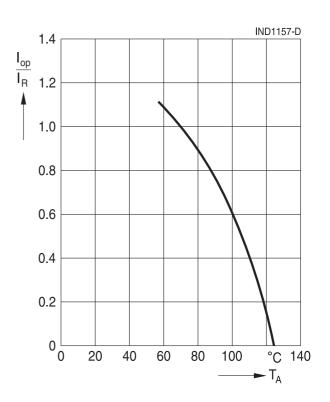
Current-compensated frame core triple chokes

Impedance |Z| versus frequency f

measured with windings in parallel at +20 °C typical values



Current derating I_{op}/I_R versus ambient temperature T_A



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Cautions and warnings

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
 - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there.
 - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.

Washing processes may damage the product due to the possible static or cyclic mechanical loads (e.g. ultrasonic cleaning). They may cause cracks to develop on the product and its parts, which might lead to reduced reliability or lifetime.

- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
 - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
 - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
 - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.

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Release 2018-10