Surge arrester

2-electrode arrester

Series/Type: V87A-A600XP1
Ordering code: B88069X3433B251
Version/Date: Issue 02 / 2014-10-15
Features
- Suitable for direct strikes
- Very fast response time
- Stable performance over life
- High insulation resistance
- RoHS-compatible

Applications
- AC power line N-PE application
- Class I – surge protection

Electrical specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DC spark-over voltage</td>
<td>&gt; 480 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front of wave spark-over voltage</td>
<td>&lt; 1500 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breakdown time</td>
<td>&lt; 100 ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insulation resistance at 100 V&lt;sub&gt;DC&lt;/sub&gt;</td>
<td>&gt; 1 GΩ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class I according to EN61643-11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. continuous operating voltage at 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>U&lt;sub&gt;c&lt;/sub&gt; = 255 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominal discharge current 8/20 µs</td>
<td>I&lt;sub&gt;n&lt;/sub&gt; = 40 kA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Impulse current 10/350 µs</td>
<td>I&lt;sub&gt;imp&lt;/sub&gt; = 12.5 kA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Follow current at 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>I&lt;sub&gt;f&lt;/sub&gt; = 100 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC discharge current (TOV&lt;sup&gt;3&lt;/sup&gt;)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 operation 50 Hz, 0.2 s</td>
<td>300 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>~ 10 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operation and storage temperature</td>
<td>-40 ... +90 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Climatic category (IEC 60068-1)</td>
<td>40/ 90/ 21</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Marking, black positive

600 YY O

600 - Nominal voltage
YY - Year of production
O - Non radioactive

1) At delivery AQL 0.65 level II, DIN ISO 2859
2) In ionized mode
3) TOV – Temporary over voltage
Surge arrester B88069X3433B251  
2-electrode arrester V87A-A600XP1

Dimensional drawing in mm

Ordering code and packing advice

B88069X3433B251 = 25 pcs. on foam trays
Cautions and warnings

- The follow current must be limited (see values on page 2) so that the arrester can be properly extinguished when the surge has decayed. The arrester might otherwise heat up and ignite adjacent components.
- Surge arresters may become hot in the event of longer periods of current stress (burn risk). In the event of overload the connectors may fail or the component may be destroyed.
- If the contacts of the surge arresters are defective, current load can cause sparks and loud noises.
- Surge arresters must be handled with care and must not be dropped.
- Do not continue to use damaged surge arresters.

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