



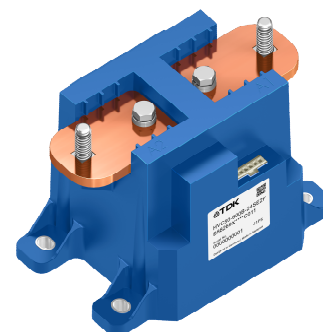
High-voltage contactor

Gas-filled contactor for high-voltage DC switching

Series/Type: HVC50*MxE2
Ordering code: B88269X*
Date: 2026-01-07
Version: 07

General

The HVC50 series of DC contactors offer a variety of features. Our customers deploy the HVC50 series in a wide range of applications such as traction battery systems, electrical energy storage systems (ESS), and DC fast charging stations.



Features

- Dual coil
- Coil termination with TVS diode
- Main terminals without polarity (bi-directional)
- Normally closed auxiliary contact (mirror contact, acc. to IEC 60947-4-1), optional
- Normally open auxiliary contact, optional
- RoHS compatible

Characteristics

Contact arrangement		1A	
Inner contact material		Cu alloy	
Internal contact gap (typ., full disconnection)		9.0 (2 x 4.5)	mm
Recommended connection conductor cross section ¹			
- for I _{th} = 400 A DC		≥ 200	mm ²
- for I _{th} = 600 A DC		≥ 300	mm ²
- for I _{th} = 750 A DC		≥ 300	mm ²
- for I _{th} = 1000 A DC		≥ 400	mm ²
Max. allowable main terminal temperature		130	°C
Vibration in closed state, xyz axis			
Shock, 6 ms ½ sine, peak ²		245	m/s ²
Wideband random vibration, 10 ... 1000 Hz ³		49	m/s ² _{RMS}
Operation and storage ⁴			
Temperature		-40 ... +85	°C
Humidity		5 ... 85	%
Air pressure		69 ... 106	kPa
Utilization category	IEC 60947-4-1	DC-1	
Pollution degree	IEC 60947-1	2	
IP level	IEC 60529	40	
Climatic category	IEC 60068-1	40/085/21	
Certifications		CCC UKCA ⁵ CE ⁵ UL 60947-4-1 (E491412)	pending
Housing color		Blue	
Weight ⁶		~ 1700	g

¹ The recommended cross section refers to pure copper. In other cases it must be matched to actual current, conductor material properties and operation temperature.

² Referring to IEC 60068-2-27

³ Referring to IEC 60068-2-64

⁴ Freezing or condensing must be avoided.

⁵ Pending for HVC50-1000B*

⁶ Valid for base-model. Other configurations will lead to deviations.

Specification ¹

Type HVC50-...	400B	600B	750B	1000B	
Contact					
Maximum operating voltage	1500				V DC
Continuous carry current I_{th}	400	600	750	1000	A DC
Temporary overcurrent (10 min) I_{CW1}	500	750	850	1200	A DC
Temporary overcurrent (1 min) I_{CW2}	650	1000	1000	1400	A DC
Rated operational voltage ^{2, 3} U_e	1500				V DC
Rated operational current ^{2, 3} I_e	150				A DC
Contact resistance at 100 A DC					
- typical	0.2				mΩ
- max.	0.5				mΩ
Insulation resistance at 1000 V DC					
- contact to contact / contact to coil	≥ 1				GΩ
Dielectric strength					
- contact to contact / contact to coil ⁴	≥ 5375				V AC
Rated impulse withstand voltage ⁵ U_{imp}	8				kV
Operating time ⁶					
- make	≤ 50				ms
- break	≤ 30				ms
Electrical endurance ^{3, 7, 8}					
Mechanical (make & break) ⁹					
- max. 1 V DC, 1 A DC)	300000				operations
Capacitive (make)					
- at 20 V DC, 200 A DC	50000				operations
Resistive (break) ¹⁰					
- at 1000 V DC, 400 A DC	1000				operations
- at 1500 V DC, 150 A DC ^{2, 3}	6000				operations
Maximum cut-off (break) ^{11, 12}					
- at 1500 V DC, 1000 A DC	1				operation

¹ The specified values apply to unused contactors acc. to IEC 61810-1.

² Referring to IEC 60947-4-1, 6000 operations make & break

³ Referring to IEC 60947-4-1, 50% of operations in positive and 50% in negative direction

⁴ Detection limit 10 mA

⁵ Referring to IEC 60947-4-1

⁶ Measured at rated control voltage U_c including contact bouncing time.

⁷ Specified referring to JIS C 5442 (temperature 15 °C to 35 °C, humidity 25% to 85% RH).

⁸ End of life is reached when insulation resistance is < 50 MΩ at 1000 V.

⁹ Duty cycle 50%, cycle duration 1 s, value represents B10 life time acc. to Weibull analysis.

¹⁰ Duty cycle 1%, cycle duration 600 s

¹¹ Tested for resistive loads with $\tau \leq 1$ ms

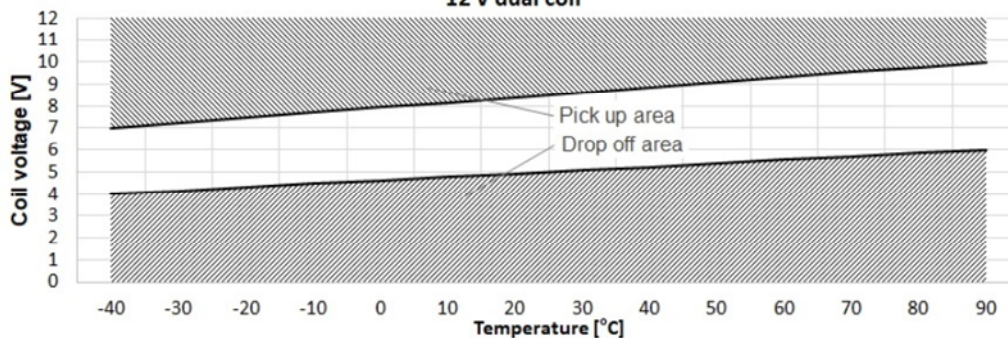
¹² No fire and no explosion will occur after this break

Coil ¹		12 V	24 V	
Rated control voltage (nominal)	U_c	12	24	V DC
Operating voltage range	$U_1 \dots U_2$	10 ... 16	18 ... 30	V DC
Pick-up voltage (max.)	U_1	10	18	V DC
Drop-out voltage (min.)		4	8	V DC
Pick-up current (Inrush)		4.5	2.5	A
Power at nominal voltage ²				
- run up		50	50	W
- steady state		6	6	W
Nominal resistance				
- run up		3	11.5	Ω
- steady state		26	105	Ω
Auxiliary contact				
Operating voltage range		1 ... 24		V DC
Min. operating current		1		mA DC
Max. operating current		1		A DC
Max. resistance		500		m Ω

Characteristics

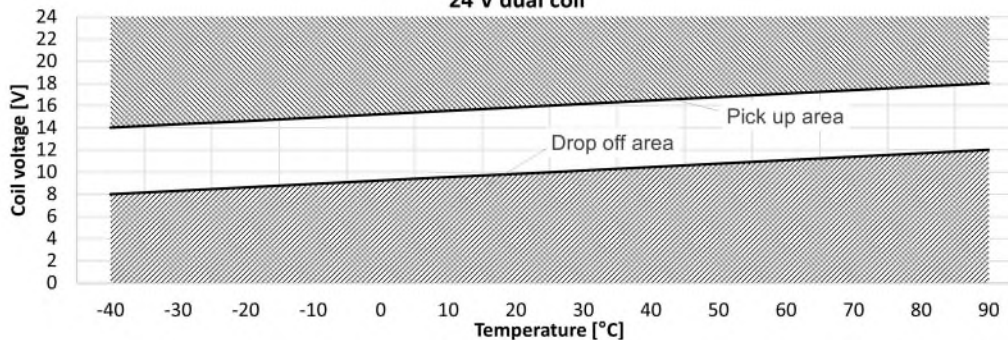
Typical operating voltage characteristics

12 V dual coil



Typical operating voltage characteristics

24 V dual coil

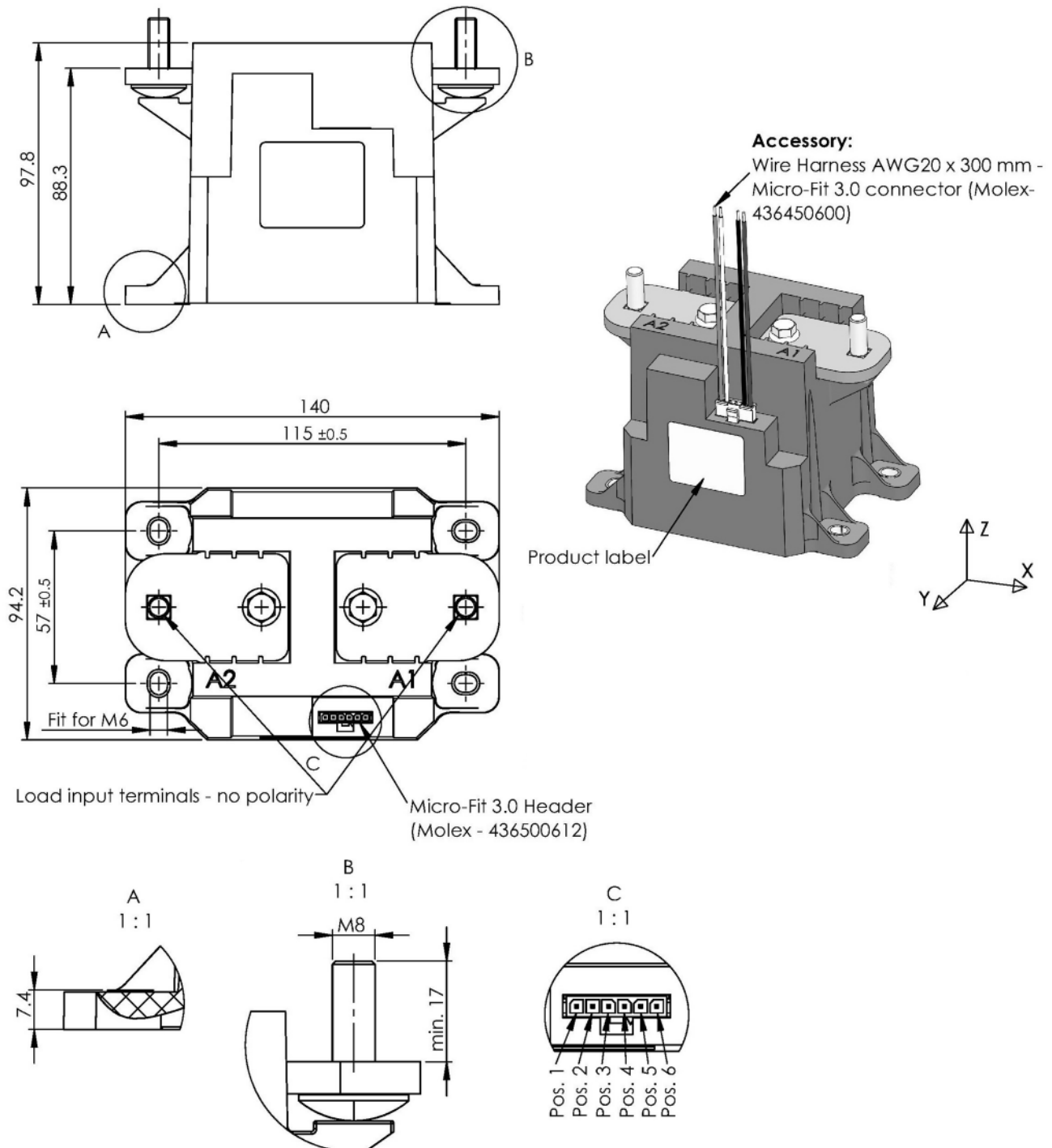


¹ Specified referring to JIS C 5442 (temperature 15 °C to 35 °C, humidity 25% to 85% RH).

² Tolerance $\pm 10\%$ at thermal equilibrium

Dimensional drawing

in mm



In case of no tolerance shown in dimensional drawing, general tolerances apply:
dimension ≤ 10 mm: ± 0.3 mm; dimension 10 to 50 mm: ± 0.6 mm; dimension > 50 mm: ± 1 mm.

Installation information

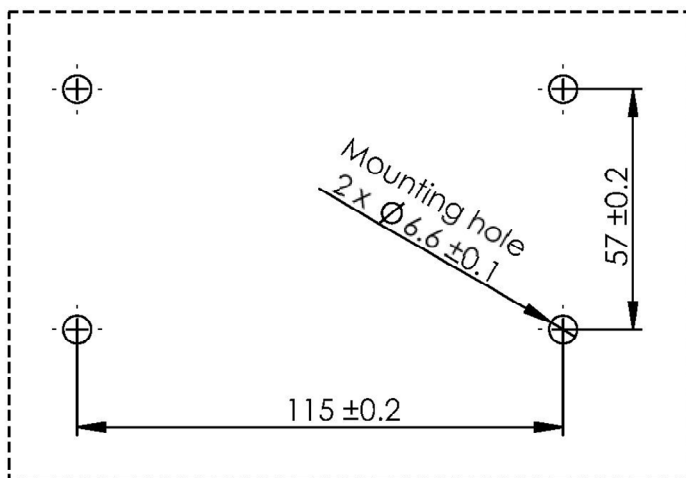
Connection name	Type	Marking	Finishing	Remarks
A1	Main terminal	A1	Copper contact surface, M8 studs	Tightening torque max. 10 Nm
A2	Main terminal	A2		
Coil (+)	Coil terminal	Pos. 6	Micro-fit 3.0 (Molex)	Max. allowable pull force 10 N
Coil (-)	Coil terminal	Pos. 5		
Aux COM	Auxiliary contact	Pos. 2		
Aux NC or NO	Auxiliary contact	Pos. 1		
Housing mounting	Mounting hole	None	Stainless steel insert	Tightening torque 4 ... 6 Nm

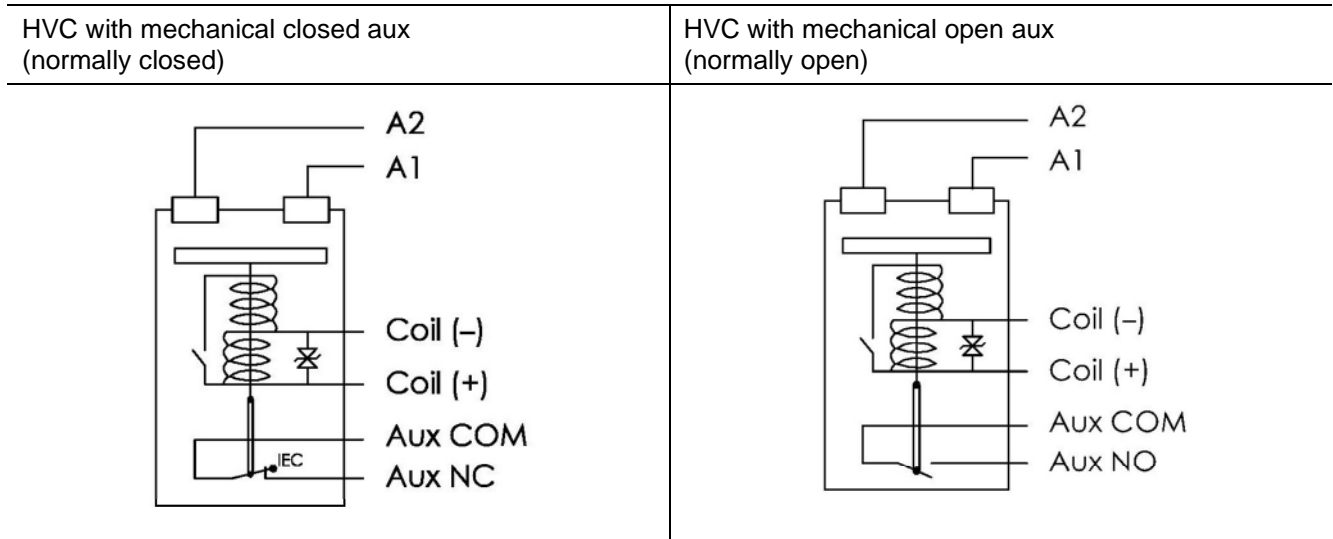
Important

Auxiliary contacts NO & COM are normally open and NC & COM are normally closed.

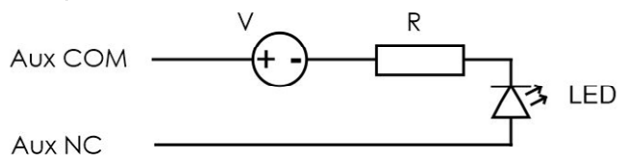
NC-version: When the contacts are open, and the coil voltage is "0 V", the contactor is stuck.

NO-version: When the contacts are closed, and the coil voltage is "0 V", the contactor is stuck.

Installation holes


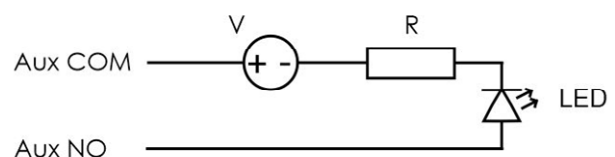
Schematics

Auxiliary contact

Example circuits to realize stuck detection:



The LED will be ON when the contactor is OFF. In case the contactor is stuck, the Aux COM and Aux NC contacts will remain open; hence the circuit is open, and the LED will be off, indicating the malfunction.

The resistance R must be selected in a way that the minimum and maximum current ratings are not exceeded.



The LED will be ON when the contactor is ON. In case the contactor is stuck, the Aux COM and Aux NO contacts will remain short; hence the circuit is closed, and the LED will be on, indicating the malfunction.

Important:

- The normally closed auxiliary contact is a mirror contact acc. to IEC 60947-4-1 Annex F.
- The normally open auxiliary contact is a mechanically linked contact acc. to IEC60947-4-1 Annex F.
- During vibration in the unpowered state of the contactor, the auxiliary contact may be displaced from its resting position. The resulting short interruptions of the auxiliary contact do not necessarily indicate closing of the main contact.

Nomenclature of type name

Example (other digits may indicate customized version or special option)

HVC 50 – 400 B – 12 MC E2	
High-Voltage Contactor	
Series 50 ..Version 5.0	
Continuous current I_{th} 400 ..400 A 600 .. 600 A 750 .. 750 A 1000 .. 1000 A	
Main terminal B ..M8 outer thread	
Coil 12 ..12 V 24 ..24 V	
Auxiliary contact MC ..Mechanical normally closed (NC) MO ..Mech. normally open (NO)	
E2 ..Dual coil	

Ordering codes

Continuous current A DC	Coil voltage V DC	Type name	Ordering code
400	12	HVC50-400B-12MCE2 HVC50-400B-12MOE2	On request TBD8420
	24	HVC50-400B-24MCE2 HVC50-400B-24MOE2	B88269X8990C011 TBD8430
600	12	HVC50-600B-12MCE2 HVC50-600B-12MOE2	B88269X7630C011 TBD8440
	24	HVC50-600B-24MCE2 HVC50-600B-24MOE2	B88269X6140C011 TBD8450
750	12	HVC50-750B-12MCE2 HVC50-750B-12MOE2	B88269X8020C011 TBD8460
	24	HVC50-750B-24MCE2 HVC50-750B-24MOE2	B88269X7910C011 TBD8470
1000	12	HVC50-1000B-12MCE2 HVC50-1000B-12MOE2	B88269X1081C011 On request
	24	HVC50-1000B-24MCE2 HVC50-1000B-24MOE2	B88269X8970C011 On request

High-voltage contactor

B88269X*

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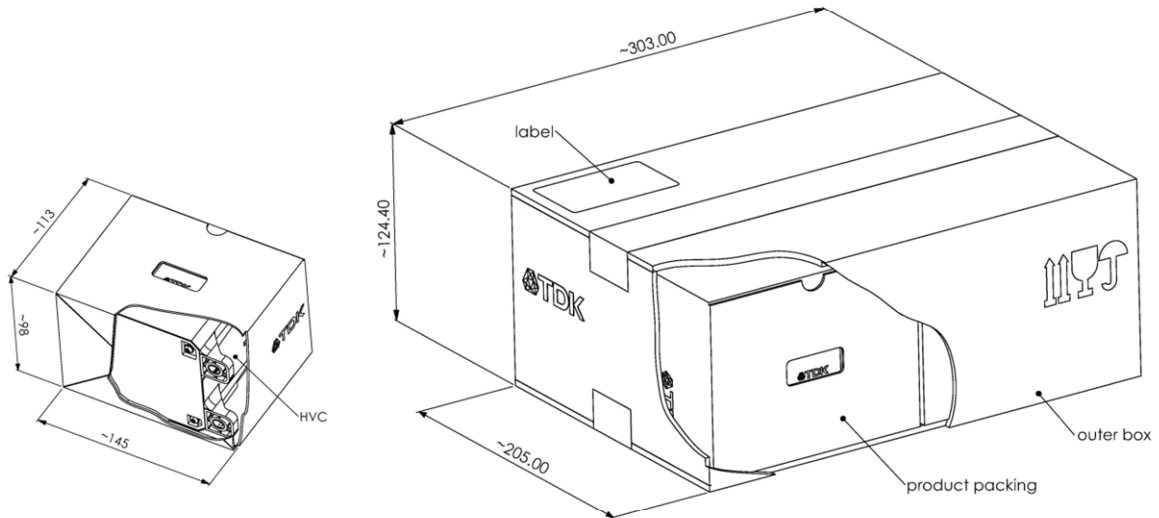
HVC50*MxE2

Packing unit

B88269X...C011 = 1 pc. in cardboard box

Delivery unit

4 pcs. in cardboard box



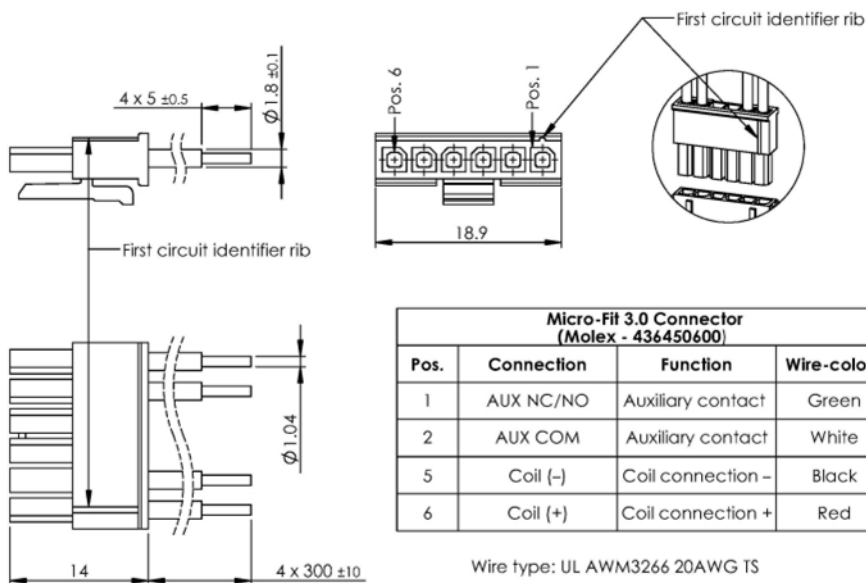
Accessory

Mating connector plug

(similar to Molex-436450600)

To order if required:

Ordering code **B88269X9960C101** (10 pcs. in a box)



Cautions and warnings

- It is not allowed to use the contactor outside of the parameter range specified in this data sheet. This also includes temperature and humidity. Overloading may destroy the component.
- It must be ensured that during usage, storage or transportation, direct sunlight is avoided. The ambient temperature during usage must not exceed the value specified in this data sheet.
- This contactor is not waterproof.
- The manufacturer cannot be held liable for failures caused by condensation or icing. The customer must apply suitable measures to avoid these circumstances.
- It is forbidden to use this contactor in atmospheres loaded with organic solvents (alcohol, petroleum, etc.) or strong alkaline substances (ammoniac, acids in general, etc.).
- We strongly recommend implementing redundancy, taking measures to prevent the spread of fire, taking the possibilities of malfunction into account and performing regular maintenance.
- Contactors must be handled with care and must not be dropped.
- Contactors radiate magnetic and electromagnetic fields. Please ensure that other components mounted in proximity are not affected.
- This contactor is classified according to UL as an open-type device. This means that the contactor is intended to be installed in an ultimate enclosure provided by a third party. Furthermore, the contactor coil circuit is intended to be powered with a Class 2 source.
- The contactor must be mounted onto a flat surface using the designated fixation holes in addition to the cable lugs or busbars attached to the main connection terminals. It is not allowed to mount the contactor using only busbars.
- The contactor must be mounted in a way that the vertical axis of the part (Z-axis) is not in line with the main shock axis of the application. Still, it must be mounted either upright standing or horizontal lying on either side. Upside down mounting must be avoided. Only the original mounting holes are allowed to be used to mount the contactor.
- In case two contactors are mounted in proximity, a clearance distance of 10 mm must be kept.
- It is forbidden to attach any kind of additional construction to or on the contactor.
- During installation and operation of the contactor, it must be ensured that no foreign matter adheres to the main connection terminals. Especially oils and silicones must be avoided.
- Attached wires and plugs are not allowed to be used for lifting and handling the contactor (maximum allowed pull-force is 10 N).
- The wires on the low voltage side of the contactor (coil supply and auxiliary contact where applicable) need to be routed away from the high voltage side connections (e.g. busbars) to avoid possible signal faults on the low voltage side.
- It is required to always use a suitable backup fuse for the contactor.
- Contactors may become hot during extended periods of current overload (burn hazard).
- Switching capacitive loads can lead to high inrush currents and can cause welding of the main connections (tack-welding). These inrush currents need to be limited as much as possible. Even short inrush currents in the microsecond range can lead to tack-welding. Please ensure with appropriate pre-charging that the differential voltage across the main terminals is as low as possible when closing the contactor. Any connected capacitances should be pre-charged to a minimum of 98% (5 time constants).
- In the event of a break under inductive load, the voltage at the connection terminals must not exceed the nominal operating voltage by more than 10%. Break of inductive loads with time constant greater than 1 ms will shorten the lifetime. Failure may also occur.

- The contactor is bi-directional (no polarity of main connections). The service life is estimated based on the requirements of IEC 60947-4-1 Chapter 8.2.4, where 50% of the operations are performed in positive direction and 50% in negative direction.
- After long-term operation, the contactor coil resistance is increased due to the temperature rise. If the contactor is switched on immediately afterwards, the coil characteristics may deteriorate.
- In the event of a current exceeding the maximum breaking current by more than 50% or triggering a series fuse, the contactor must be considered damaged and replaced.
- The lifetime depends on several factors like e.g. load type, driving circuit and ambient conditions. We recommend checking the performance of the contactor under actual conditions.
- Simultaneously applied maximum operation parameters for e.g. coil voltage, overcurrent, temperature, vibration etc. may lead to reduced lifetime. We recommend applying rated settings to achieve optimum life performance.
- The contactor must not be operated without any load. This may increase contact resistance.
- The operating life of the contactor can be affected by strong magnetic fields. Please ensure that there are no magnetic field sources in proximity and avoid nearby installed heat sources.
- We recommend separating or shielding the low voltage side (coil and auxiliary connections if available) from the high voltage side (main connection terminals).
- The coil input voltage needs to be kept stable and without disturbances. It should always remain above the minimum value of the coil voltage operation range specified in the datasheet.
- For a successful pick-up, the coil voltage cannot be ramped up slowly. It needs to be applied instantly (within less than 1 ms) to at least the maximum pick-up voltage. For a successful breaking, the coil voltage cannot be ramped down slowly. It needs to be switched off instantly (within less than 1 ms).
- The contactor is not intended to be used with pulse width modulation (PWM) controllers. Please contact TDK for details.
- The cable lugs or busbars to the main terminals must be securely tightened. Otherwise, current stress may generate sparks and heating. Use only suitable tightening material (screws, bolts or nuts) for all mechanical connections to the contactor and verify their functionality in the application. The torque range recommended in the data sheet is suitable for multiple fixation; the maximum torque is suited for one time fixation only (non-detachable).
- The main terminals of the contactor act as a heat sink. Please ensure that the connection surface area is fully covered with a matched cable lug or busbar and that the connection hole in the cable lug or busbar is according to DIN ISO 20273 (middle clearance).
- Please ensure that the surface of the integrated busbar is covered with a matched cable lug or busbar on an area that is larger or equal to 1.5 times the recommended cable or busbar cross section.
- To protect the coil contacts from overvoltage when switching off, a protection device is installed in parallel to the coil. No further protection device shall be used.
- This contactor is equipped with two coils (dual coil). Both coils are active during pick-up. After approximately 200 ms, one coil will be removed electronically from the circuit.
- Fast and consecutive switching of the contactor is not allowed. The minimum off time is 5 s. If switching happens in faster cycles, the coil may become hot and fail.
- Distortions of the DC supply of the contactor may influence the electronics. Superimposed voltages at frequencies > 10 Hz and > 3 V peak to peak must be avoided.

High-voltage contactor

B88269X*

Gas-filled contactor for high-voltage DC switching

HVC50*MxE2

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2. We also point out that **in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified**. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or life-saving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
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Important notes

8. The trade names EPCOS, CarXield, CeraCharge, CeraDiode, CeraLink, CeraPad, CeraPlas, CSMP, CTVS, DeltaCap, DigiSiMic, FilterCap, FormFit, InsuGate, LeaXield, MediPlas, MiniBlue, MiniCell, MKD, MKK, ModCap, MotorCap, PCC, PhaseCap, PhaseCube, PhaseMod, PhiCap, PiezoBrush, PlasmaBrush, PowerHap, PQSine, PQvar, SIFERRIT, SIFI, SIKOREL, SilverCap, SIMDAD, SiMic, SIMID, SineFormer, SIOV, SurfIND, ThermoFuse, WindCap, XieldCap are **trademarks registered or pending** in Europe and in other countries. Further information will be found on the Internet at www.tdk-electronics.tdk.com/trademarks.

Release 2024-02